

Assessment-1

Self-check Questions

- 1. Who defined sociology as "the science which studies society"?
- a) Max Weber
- b) H.W. Odum
- c) Kimball Young
- d) A.W. Green
- 2. Which of the following emphasized sociology as a study of social action?
- a) G.A. Lundberg
- b) Kimball Young
- c) Max Weber
- d) E.A. Ross
- 3. According to MacIver and Page, sociology is about:
- a) Religious institutions
- b) Social relationships
- c) Economic forces
- d) Cultural values
- 4. Which thinker believed sociology is the science of institutions?
- a) Giddings
- b) Durkheim
- c) Parsons
- d) Gillin and Gillin
- 5. Functionalists like Durkheim believe society is held together by:
- a) Class struggle
- b) Individual actions
- c) Social consensus

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- d) Religious beliefs
- 6. Sociology ignores social groups and focuses only on individuals.
- 7. Max Weber focused on interpretative understanding of social action.
- 8. Functionalism encourages radical social change.
- 9. Sociology as a science includes both micro and macro-level analysis.
- 10. Emile Durkheim supported the idea of mechanical and organic solidarity.

Answers to Self-Check Questions

- 1. b) H.W. Odum
- 2. c) Max Weber
- 3. b) Social relationships
- 4. b) Durkheim
- 5.c) Social consensus
- 6. False
- 7. True
- 8. False
- 9. True
- 10. True

Short Answer Questions

- 11. Explain the meaning of 'Verstehen' in sociology.
- 12. Explain classification of solidarity as given by Durkheim.
- 13. What do you understand by 'Positivism'.

Long Answer Questions

- 14. Discuss various definitions of sociology given by scholars and explain how they highlight different aspects of society.
- 15. Discuss the emergence of sociology.